THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D. K. THARA DEVI SIDDHARTHA) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (d) A team of experts from National Institute of Communicable Diseases (NICD), Delhi was sent to Bhopal on 19th to 22nd August; 1992 to investigate the reported outbreak of cholera/gastroenteritis. According to -the team, dislocation of sanitary system due to heavy rains was the main cause of the outbreak. The team recommended certain short-term and long-term measures to the State Health Authorities for the control and prevention of outbreak of cholera/gastroenteritis in the affec'ed area. The State Government was suitably advised to take necessary steps in the light of recommendations of the expert team. The State Government had since reported that the situation was under control in Bhopal.

Attending of patients at their residences by Doctors

1435. S7-IRI V1SHWASRAO RAMRAO PATIL : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased io state :

(a) whether it is a fact that doctors of the Centi al Government Health Scheme and Delh Municipal Corporation attend patients a; their residence in case of an emergency;

(b) whether doctors of New Delhi Municipal Committee do not attend patients at their residence in case of emergency;

(c) if so, what are the reasons therefor; and

(d) the steps taken by Government in this regard to provide emergency services to patients at their door steps ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D. K. THARA DEVI SIDDHARTHA) ; (a) The dpctors posted in CGHS dispensaries pay domiciliary visits at the residence of the patients as and when called by the patients during emergency. The doctors of Municipal Corporation of Delhi do not pay visits at the residence of the patients.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The reasons are as follows :—

(i) The doctors of NDMC are not supposed to leave their dispensaries during office hours.

(ii) No conveyance allowance is pa'd to them for visits to the patient's residence.

(iii) The beneficiaries of NDMC are the General Public and NDMC employees only.

(d) Round-the-clock emergency services are available in all major Government and Delhi Administration hospitals which are being availed of by the General Public according to proximity to their residence. Ambulance and Police Vans are also used fo rush accident victims to the Hospitals.

Subsidies/Tax Exemptions to the Hospitals in Private Sector

1436. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a^> whether it is a fact that Government have been giving subsidies, tax exemptions etc. besides grants to the hospitals in private sector;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof and the details of the conditions on which grants and subsidies etc. are given by the Government to the hospitals in private sector;

(c) whether there is any monitoring system to know how far the private sector hospitals have been fulfilling the conditions on the basis of which subsidies and grants have been given by the Government;

(d) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(e) if answer to (c) be in the negative, what are the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D. K. THAR A DEVI SIDDHARTHA) : (al and (b) No subsidy or grant is given by Government to private hospitals however Customs duty exemption Certificates are issued to private Hospitals clinics by Dte. General of Heatlth Services for import of medical equipments subject to the condition that the institutions has to de a quantum of free work for patients from weaker sections.

(c) and (d) Institutions who have availed of above concessions are to be monitored by the concerned State Governments who had recommended grant of duty concessions. In Delhi a Nursing Homes Cell has been established by the Delhi Administration for close and constant monitoring of the extent of free work done by private hospitals. Physical inspection is carried out by a officers of Delhi Administration to check free medicrre service being provided by private hospitals/institutions.

(e) Does not arise.

राज्य सरकारों को पोलियो के टीके के परीक्षण हेतु केन्द्रीय अनुदान दिया जाना

1437. श्री कैलाश नारायण सारंग : क्या स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या केन्द्रीय सरकार ने पोलियो के टीके के परीक्षण हेतु प्रयोगशालायें स्थापित करने के लिए राज्य सरकारों को अनुदान दिया है; यदि हां, तो किन-किन राज्यों को कितनी-कितनी धनराशि अनुदान के रूप में दी गई है;

(ख) क्या मध्य प्रदेश सरकार ने पोलियो के टीके के परीक्षण हेतु एक प्रयोगशाला स्थापित करने के लिये कुछ धनराशि अनुदान के रूप में दिये जाने की मांग की है; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में ब्यौरा क्या है ?

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती डी० के० तारादेवी सिद्धार्थ) : (क) वैक्सीन के लिए कोल्ड चैन की गुणवत्ता को मानीटर करने हेतु मुखसेव्य पोलियो वक्सीन के क्षेत्र नमूनों के प्रभावकारिता परीक्षण के लिए प्रयोगशाला सुविधाएं स्थापित करने हेतु चुने गए संस्थानों को संबंधित राज्य सरकार की सहमति से सीधे ही अनुदान दिया गया है । जिन संस्थानों को अनुदान दिया गया है उनकी सूची विवरण के रूप में संलग्न है । [नीचे देखिए]

(ख) जी, नहीं ।

(ग) यह प्रश्न नहीं उठता ।

विवरण

		रुपए (लाख में)
1	2	3
1.	किंग इंस्टीट्यूट आफ प्रिवेंटिव मेडिसन, गिंडी, मद्रास	1.816
2.	इंस्टीट्यूट आफ प्रिवेंटिव मेडिसन, हैदराबाद	1.09
3.	एस एम एस मेडिकल कालेज, जयपुर	1.10
4.	बी जे मेडिकल कालेज, अहमदाबाद	1.015
5.	राजेन्द्र मेडिकल कालेज, रांची	0.70
6.	क्षेत्रीय मेडिकल कालेज, इम्फाल	0.70
7.	शेर-ए-कश्मीर इंस्टीट्यूट आफ मेडिकल सांईसिज, श्रीनगर	0.25
8.	पास्च्यूर इंस्टीट्यूट, शिलांग	0.70
9.	क्षेत्रीय मेडिकल रिसर्च सेंटर फार ट्राइबल्स, भा०आ०अं० सं० जबलपुर	0.40